PROGRESS IN PHOTOVOLTAICS: RESEARCH AND APPLICATIONS

Prog. Photovolt: Res. Appl. 2007; 15:41-49
Published online 16 May 2006 in Wiley InterScience (<a href="www.interscience.wiley.com">www.interscience.wiley.com</a>). DOI:10.1002/pip.710

PV PUMPING SYSTEMS: A USEFUL TOOL TO CHECK OPERATIONAL PERFORMANCE

A. U. Brito, M.C. Fedrizzi and R. Zelles\* t

Programa Interunidades de Pós-Graduação em Energia da USP. IEE/POLI/FEA/IF, Av. Professor Luciano Gualberto. 1289, Cidade Universitária. CEP 05508-010 São Paulo-SP, Brazil

From the daily water demand, total head and the daily average irradiation, is possible to determine the size of the PV generator for pumping systems. However, once the equipment is acquired, some tests are recommended, specially to verify its performance. One of the most relevant parameters to qualify a pumping system is the daily water delivered (m<sup>3</sup>/day) as a function of daily irradiation (Wh/m<sup>2</sup>). Facilities that fit different boundaries conditions, as for example constant total head (m) are not easily available, and just few laboratories have this capability. In this way, a simple instrumentation with the capability to determine the daily performance of PV pumping systems is presented. The proposed test tools use a hydraulic circuit with two motopumps, one connected to the PV system and the other to the electric grid. The total head is maintained constant by the variable-speed drive connected to the grid. Copyright © 2006 John Wiley & Sons, Ltd.

KEY WORDS: PV pumping systems; PV water pumping; PV pumping performance

Received 5 January 2006; Revised 1 February 2006

Correspondence to: R. Zilles. Instituto de Eletrotécnica e Energia. Universidade de São Paulo. Av. Professor Luciano Gualberto. 1289. Cidade Universitária, CEP 0550S-010 - São Paulo. SP. Br.azil

† E-mail: zilles@iee.usp.br